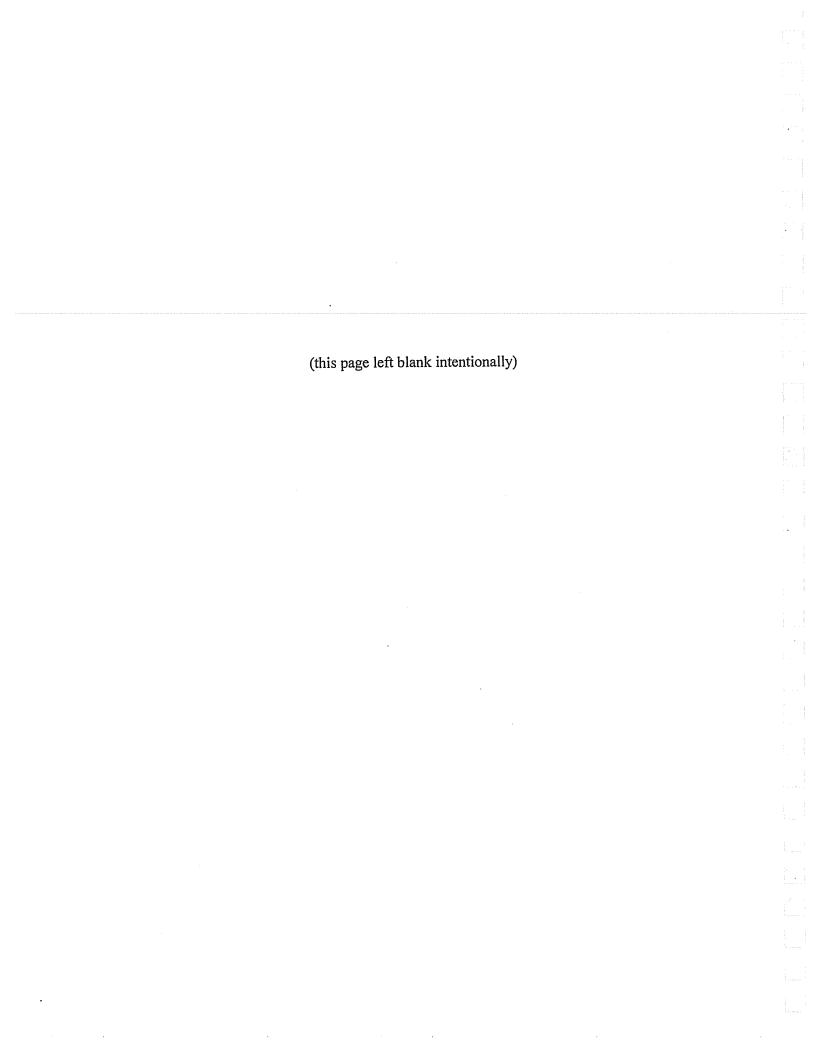
# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Walnut Bend Independent School District	Cooke	049908
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fi	nancial reports of the abov	e-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approved '	dia	n and ad Assessed 21, 2016 at a
reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for the yea	r ended August 31, 2016 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school distric	t on the 24th day of Janua	ry, 2017.
· ·	•	•
		<i>a</i> >
2		, , / / /
Vrainie Mc Naun Signature of Board Secretary	Lash	Mart
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Boar	d President
,		
If the David of Tourism discountry design discountry		
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' re (Attach list as necessary.)	port, the reason(s) for disa	pproving it is (are):
(remote that as necessary.)		

	with 5	

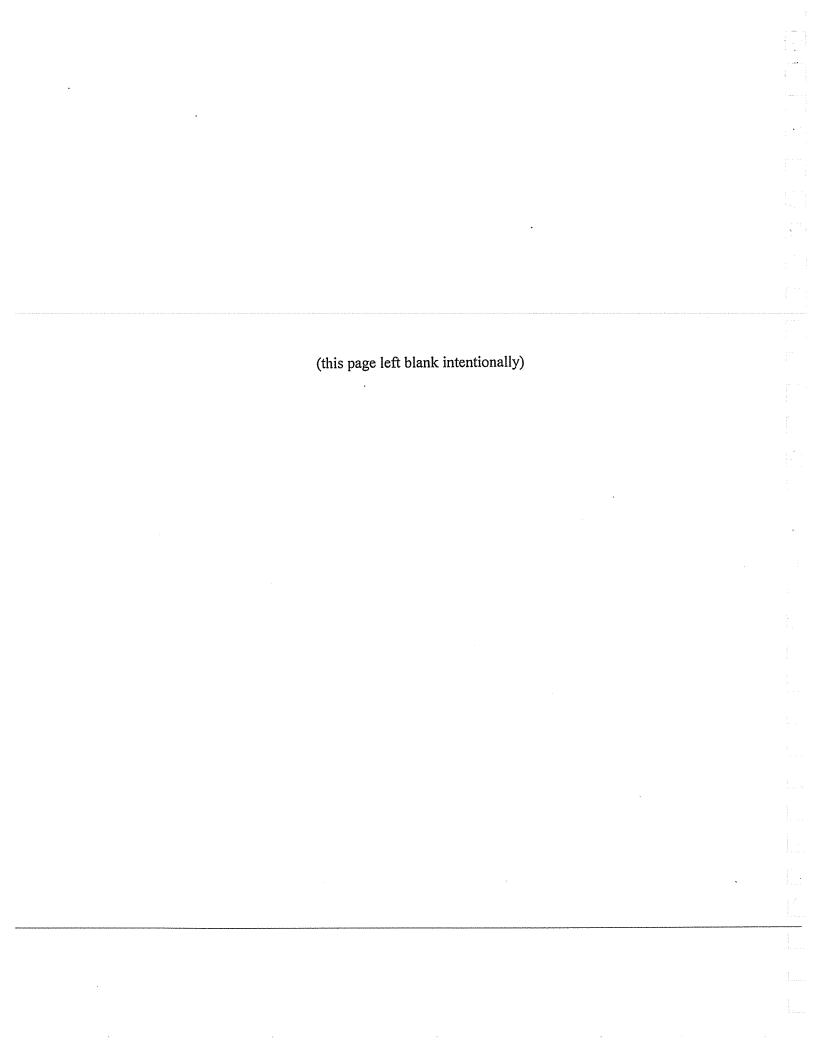
WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016



# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

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# SCHALK & SMITH PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

Thomas E. Schalk, CPA
Judy Smith, CPA
Cynthia Muñoz, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Walnut Bend Independent School District
47 CR 198
Gainesville, Texas 76240

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Bend Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial *statements* in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Bend Independent School District as of August 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 9), the budgetary comparison, schedules of TRS net pension liability and the District's TRS contributions (pages 34 through 36) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walnut Bend Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1 and J-2.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2017, on our consideration of the Walnut Bend Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Walnut Bend Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schalk & Smith, P.C.

hale + Smith PC

January 20, 2017

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Walnut Bend Independent School District (the "District"), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on pages 2 and 3 and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 10.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's combined net position was \$1,672,672 at August 31, 2016, an increase of \$881.
- During the year, the District had income of \$879,359 and expenses in the amount of \$878,478. This compares to last year when the income was \$52,673 less than the expenses.
- The cost of all the District's programs was \$878,478.
- The General Funds ended the year with a fund balance of \$993,407.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 and 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 17) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

#### REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District's financial situation has improved as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S.

Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District discloses the following kind of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

#### The District as Trustee

#### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by an alumni scholarship program. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 16. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental type activities. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,672,672, which represented an increase of \$881 over the prior year net position of \$1,671,791. Unrestricted net position — the part of net position that can be

used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$934,400 at August 31, 2016.

# Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015
Current and other assets	\$ 1,046,474	\$ 989,840
Capital assets	732,520	773,062
Total assets	1,778,994	1,762,902
Deferred outflows of resources	72,032	18,447
Long-term liabilities	130,755	54,171
Other liabilities	37,871	38,816
Total liabilities	168,626	92,987
Deferred inflows of resources	9,728	16,571
Net position		
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	732,520	773,062
Restricted	5,752	10,083
Unrestricted	934,400	888,646
Total net position	\$ 1,672,672	\$ 1,671,791

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$732,520. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. An additional portion of the District's total net position in the amount of \$5,752 (approximately .3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$934,400) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This surplus is not an indication that the District has significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term commitments* that are less than currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased by \$881. The District recognized their proportionate share of net pension liability (\$130,755). The total cost of all governmental activities was \$878,478, which was \$14,241 (1.59%) lower than the previous year.

Table II Changes in Net Position

		ernmental ctivities 2016	overnmental Activities 2015
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	19,180	\$ 4,676
Operating grants and contributions		120,133	120,185
General Revenues		•	
Maintenance and operations taxes		184,715	297,213
Grants and Contributions not restricted			
to specific functions		551,108	410,680
Investment Earnings		4,223	3,366
Miscellaneous		-	 3,926
Total Revenue	879,359		 840,046
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media			
services		479,558	455,797
Instructional and school leadership		68,724	60,605
Student support services		50,576	46,734
Child nutrition		81,367	87,109
Co-curricular activities	•	3,386	8,729
General Administration		97,489	96,416
Plant maintenance, security & data			
processing		88,680	123,964
Payments to Fiscal Agent		5,482	8,136
Other Intergovernmental Charges		3,216	 5,229
Total Expenses		878,478	 892,719
Increase in net position		881	(52,673)
Net position at 9/1		1,671,791	1,785,838
Prior period adjustment		-	 (61,374)
Net position at 8/31	\$	1,672,672	\$ 1,671,791

- The District did not change the property tax rates. It remained at 1.04 per \$100 of valuation for the current year. There was a decrease in assessed valuation resulted in a decrease in tax revenues from the previous year of \$112,498. State funding increased by \$140,428 during the current year.
- As shown in the Statement of Activities on page 11, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was \$183,834 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$19,180) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$120,133) or by other miscellaneous sources and investment earnings (\$4,223) or by State equalization funding (\$551,108).

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$999,159, which is higher than last year's total of \$938,241. Unassigned fund balance represents a large portion of total fund balances (\$993,407 or 99.4%) and is available for future spending or unanticipated events such as state funding uncertainties, increased student enrollment, wide swings in total property tax values, future salary increases or unexpected lawsuits. The remainder of fund balance (\$5,752 or .6%) is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or committed for campus activities and unspent grants.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At August 31, 2016, the General Fund had unassigned fund balance of \$993,407. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both fund balance amounts to total fund expenditures (\$711,193). Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represent 139% of total General Fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 16 months of annual General Fund expenditures.

Total General Fund fund balance decreased by \$65,249 during the fiscal year. Key factors related to this change include:

- Revenues were \$29,624 more than budgeted
- Expenditures were \$107,961 less than budgeted

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2015). The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs. The third category is amendments for unexpected events.

The District made no significant budget amendments.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the District had \$732,520 (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. The District's had no expenditures that qualified as capital expenditures during the current fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note IV-F to the financial statements. The District had the following capital assets at August 31, 2016 and 2015:

	2016	 2015
Land	\$ 55,336	\$ 55,336
Buildings and improvements, net	591,565	605,529
Furniture and equipment, net	85,619	112,197
Total	\$ 732,520	\$ 773,062

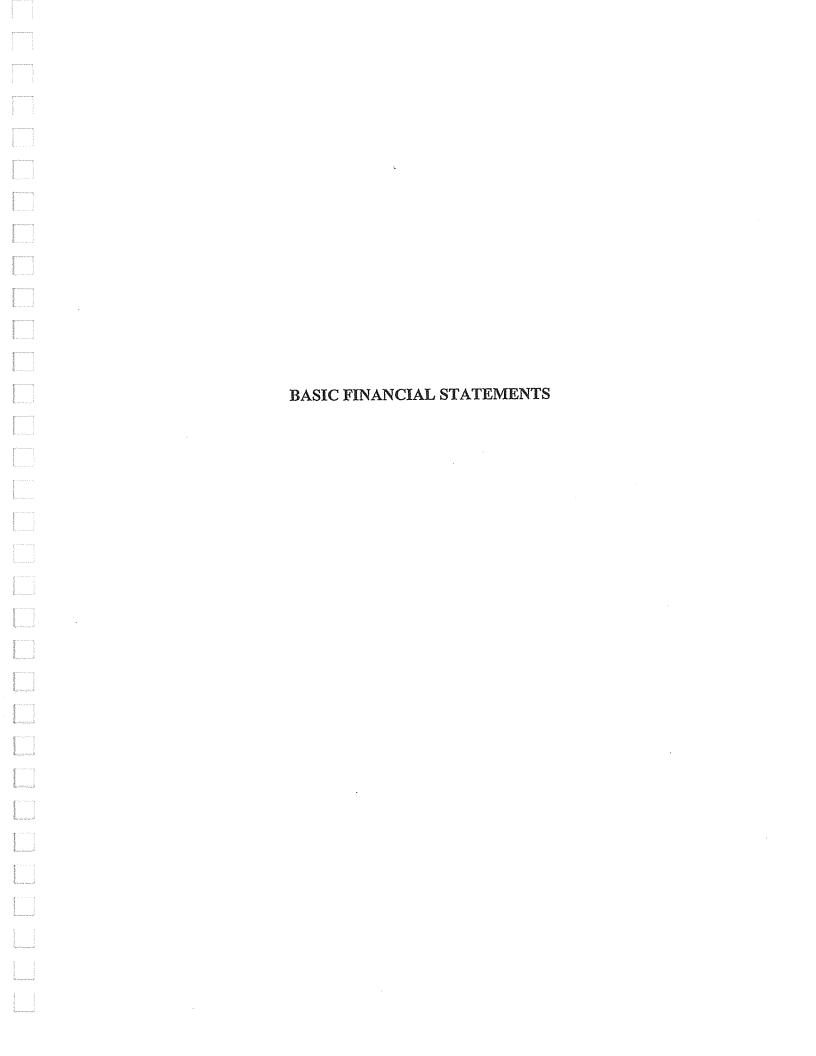
#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected officials continue to consider many factors when setting the district's budget
and tax rates. With the Texas legislature in session this year, changes in school finance could be a
possibility. However, most educators who work closely with the legislature expect that little will be

- done to resolve the shortages in public education funding. State funding is key to the school districts throughout the state and will be monitored very closely by the board and administration to determine the effects on our local district.
- The maintenance and operations rate was again set at \$1.04 per \$100 of valuation in spite of the fact that property appraisals were lower this year. This will need to be observed very closely for the 2017-2018 school year to see how political changes at the national level and economic issues at the state level could affect these values.
- Facility expenditures are expected to increase during the 2016-2017 school year based on the
  current conditions. Roof repairs will be mandatory in order to stop leaks which have occurred for
  some time. While it is expected that most of this will be covered by insurance assistance, other
  means of funding such as donations from vendors and in-house contributions of time and effort will
  need to be considered as well.
- Transportation costs will increase for the year due to the purchase of a mini bus. However, this smaller bus will help the school reduce long-term expenses in fuel costs.
- If state funding continues to be stymied and property values continue to drop, creative ways of
  funding will be examined for major facility issues. In addition, the district will look at ways of
  increasing enrollment and attendance in order to increase ADA funding.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Walnut Bend Independent School District, 47 CR 198, Gainesville, Texas 76240.



# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Data	Primary Government
Control Codes	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	,
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 451,325
1120 Current Investments	453,240
1210 Property Taxes - Current	23,570
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(14,126)
1240 Due from Other Governments	126,570
1410 Prepayments	5,895
Capital Assets:	•
1510 Land	55,336
1520 Buildings, Net	591,565
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	85,619
1000 Total Assets	1,778,994
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS	72 022
Botonica Gattlow Rolated to 1160	72,032
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	72,032
LIABILITIES	•
2110 Accounts Payable	11,207
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	26,154
2200 Accrued Expenses	510
Noncurrent Liabilities	
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	130,755
•	
2000 Total Liabilities	168,626
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	9,728
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,728
NET POSITION	Note that the second section of the section of th
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	732,520
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	5,304
3870 Restricted for Campus Activities	3,304 448
3900 Unrestricted	
om om om out of	934,400
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 1,672,672

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Data						Program Revenues		
Control		l		3		4		6
Codes		Expenses		Charges for Services	,	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Primary Gov.  Governmental  Activities
Primary Government:	***************************************							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:  11 Instruction 12 Instructional Resources and Media Service 13 Curriculum and Staff Development 23 School Leadership 34 Student (Pupil) Transportation 35 Food Services 36 Extracurricular Activities 41 General Administration 51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 53 Data Processing Services 93 Payments related to Shared Services Arran 99 Other Intergovernmental Charges [TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	ngements .	6,227 5,161 68,724 50,576 81,367 3,386 97,489 83,176 5,504 5,482 3,216		8,438 - - - 3 2,877 - 7,862 - - -		39,666 491 5,161 5,004 1,568 61,272 62 5,337 1,572	\$	(420,066) (5,736) - (63,720) (49,008) (20,092) (447) (92,152) (73,742) (5,504) (5,482) (3,216)
MT GC IE TR CN	Grants at	enues: Derty Taxes, Level Contribution ent Earnings Eral Revenues Change in N	vied	for General I ot Restricted	- Avenue			184,715 551,108 4,223 740,046 881 1,671,791
NE	Net Position	Ending					\$	1,672,672

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		10				Total
Contro	ol .	General		Other	C	iovernmental
Codes		 Fund		Funds	Funds	
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 449,506	\$	1,819	\$	451,325
1120	Investments - Current	453,240		-		453,240
1210	Property Taxes - Current	23,570		-		23,570
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(14,126)		-		(14,126)
1240	Receivables from Other Governments	117,365		9,205		126,570
1410	Prepayments	 5,895				5,895
1000	Total Assets	\$ 1,035,450	\$	11,024	\$	1,046,474
	LIABILITIES		***************************************			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 8,927	\$	2,280	\$	11,207
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	23,296		2,858		26,154
2200	Accrued Expenditures	376		134		510
2000	Total Liabilities	 32,599		5,272		37,871
2601	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	9,444		•		9,444
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 9,444		-		9,444
	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-		5,304		5,304
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-		448		448
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	993,407		-		993,407
3000	Total Fund Balances	 993,407		5,752		999,159
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 1,035,450	.\$	11,024	\$	1,046,474

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 999,159
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$1,630,693 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$857,631). The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) is to in crease net position.	773,062
2 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$130,755, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$9,728 and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$72,032. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$68,451.	(68,451)
3 The 2016 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(40,542)
4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	9,444
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,672,672

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data	.1		10 General		0.1		Total
Contro Codes			Fund		Other Funds	Government Funds	
<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	206,750	\$	4,707	\$	211,457
5800	State Program Revenues		581,245		363		581,608
5900	Federal Program Revenues		-		78,788		78,788
5020	Total Revenues		787,995		83,858		871,853
	EXPENDITURES:						
C	urrent:						
0011	Instruction		418,611		24,253		442,864
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		5,949		-		5,949
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-		5,161		5,161
0023	School Leadership		65,555		-		65,555
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		32,549		•		32,549
0035	Food Services		2,031		70,038		72,069
0036	Extracurricular Activities		3,051		290		3,341
0041	General Administration		94,270		-		94,270
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		74,975		-		74,975
0053	Data Processing Services		5,504		-		5,504
I	ntergovernmental:						
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		5,482		-		5,482
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	********	3,216		-		3,216
6030	Total Expenditures		711,193		99,742	***************************************	810,935
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		76,802		(15,884)		60,918
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7915	Transfers In		-		11,553		11,553
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(11,553)		-		(11,553
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(11,553)	***************************************	11,553		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		65,249		(4,331)		60,918
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		928,158	***********	10,083		938,241
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	993,407	\$	5,752	\$	999,159

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	881
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. Contributions made before the measurement but during the 2016 FY were also dexpended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability for the district. This also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$10,437. The District recorded their proportionate share of the pension expense during the measurement period as part of the net pension liability. The amounts expensed for FY2016 were \$15,639 for pension expense columns 6 - 12 from TRS data and the amounts de-expended for the net deferred resouce inflow recognized by TRS in the measurement period were \$10,954. The impact of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$16,156.	1	(16,156)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.		(3,339)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(40,542)
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	60,918

# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,697
Total Assets	13,697
LIABILITIES	
Payable from Restricted Assets	13,697
Total Liabilities	13,697

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Walnut Bend Independent School District (the District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. A seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board), elected by registered voters of the District, is the governing body of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of August 31, 2016, the District retrospectively/prospectively applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by tax revenues, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the District, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If revenue is not program revenue, it is general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used

for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, usually from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/ BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which are recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the *susceptible-to-accrual concept*; when they are both measurable and available. The District considers these revenues "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

 The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the
District or a grantor. Most Federal and some State financial assistance are accounted for in Special
Revenue Funds. Sometimes, unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified
project periods.

#### Fiduciary Funds:

Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for donations for scholarships. These are donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used.

# E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. Cash and cash equivalents —The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments, which are investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.
- 2. Inventories The District does not report inventories of supplies such as consumable maintenance, instruction, office, athletic, and transportation items due to the value of these items on hand at any given date being deemed immaterial.
- 3. Compensated absences It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. At August 31, 2016, the District had no material liability for accrued personal leave.
- Capital assets Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	39
Building Improvements	39
Infrastructure	50
Vehicles	5-7
Office Equipment	3-10
Computer Equipment	3-5

The District has no restrictions on capital assets.

6. Fund balances – According to the District's fund balance policy, fund balance is comprised of the following components:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws of regulations of other governments.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Board of Trustees policy or resolution. This includes the budget reserve account. At August 31, 2016 the District had no committed fund balance.
- Assigned Amounts that are designated by the District for a specific purpose but are
  not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the Board of Trustees. At August
  31, 2016 the District had no assigned fund balance.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

As discussed below, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the Board of Trustees or the assignment has been changed by the District. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund Balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order. The details of fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, Exhibit C-1.

- 7. Net position When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first, unless unrestricted assets will have to be returned because they were not used.
- 8. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources; represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The District reported the following Deferred Outflows of Resources on the government wide Statement of Net Position:

Deferred Outflow Related to TRS \$ 72,032

9. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applied to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.. The district reports the following as Deferred Inflows of Resources on the government wide Statement of Net Position:

Deferred Inflow Related to TRS \$ 9,728

The District has one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide Statement of Net Position.

10. **Data control codes** – The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *FASRG*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

11. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, error and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage.

#### II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning o	Ac	cumulated	N	et Value	Change in			
	Historic Cost		De	preciation	9	/1/2015	Ne	t Position
Land	\$	55,336	\$	**	\$	55,336	•	
Buildings & Improvements		1,182,062		576,533		605,529		
Furniture & Equipment		393,295		281,098		112,197		
	\$	1,630,693	\$	857,631	\$	773,062	\$	773,062

# B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibits C-2 and C-4 provide reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

An element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 relates to the District's recognition of its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Amount		ustments to t Position	Adjustments to Changes in Net Position		
Net pension liability at beginning of Year 2015 FY	\$	(57,171)	\$ (57,171)	\$		
Contributions made during FY2015 for prior year expense		4,876	4,876		-	
District's proportionate share of pension expense		10,954	(10,954)		(10,954)	
Net proportionate share per TRS Schedule of Pension Amount		15,639	(15,639)		(15,639)	
Contributions made after measurement date of 8/31/2015 Total Adjustment to Net Position		10,437	\$ 10,437 (68,451)	\$	10,437 (16,156)	

Other elements of the reconciliation on Exhibits C-2 and C-4 are described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

				stments to	Adjustments to Changes in		
	A	mount	Net	Position	Net	Position	
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue							
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies	\$	9,149			\$	(9,149)	
Uncollected Taxes (Assumed Collectible)							
from Current Year Levy		5,810	\$	5,810		5,810	
Uncollected Taxes (Assumed Collectible)							
from Prior Year Levy		3,634		3,634		**	
Total Adjustment to Net Position			\$	9,444	\$	(3,339)	

# III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent for GAAP for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted original and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other report is in Exhibit J-2.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20<sup>th</sup>, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days, but not more than 30 days public notice of the meeting is required.
- 3. Prior to September 1<sup>st</sup>, the Board legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. There were no significant budget amendments:
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	3	ruiu
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	B	alance
Ready to Read License Plates	\$	26
State Textbook Fund		5,278
Campus Activity Funds		448

Dund

# B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

	Exce	SS
General Fund:		
Food Service	\$	22

#### C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

There are no deficit fund balances in the current year.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

# A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Concerning Deposits

- <u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u> State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. As of August 31, 2016, the District's bank balances totaled \$315,928. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's financial institution's agent in the District's name or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- Foreign Currency Risk The District does not make investments that have foreign currency risk.

#### Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2016, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) with respective maturities and credit rating:

	Fair		aturity in ss Than 1	Ma	aturity in 1-10		urity in ver 10	Credit
Type of Deposit	Value	Percent	 Year		Years	<u>Y</u>	ears	Rating
Cash	\$ 309,874	100%	\$ 309,874	\$	-	\$	•	n/a
Lone Star Investment Pool	141,451	100%	 141,451					AAA
	\$ 451,325		\$ 451,325	\$	_	\$	-	

#### Investments

The District's investments consisted of the following:

				Ma	aturity in	M	laturity in	Ma	turity in		
		Fair		Les	ss Than I		1-10	0	ver 10	Credit	
Type of Deposit	Type of Deposit Valu		Percent	Year			Years		Years	Rating	
Certificates of Deposit	\$	453,240	100%	\$	•	\$	453,240	\$	-	n/a	

# District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Concerning Investments

# Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the area of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Amount other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies,

and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or insured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in the State of Texas; (3) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and its fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools: and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- Credit Risk To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of the state of Texas, the United states or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States; obligations of states agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; and bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the state of Israel as per Texas Statute Government Code 2256.009. Additionally, the District authorized investments in; certificates of deposit; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; certain securities lending programs; certain bankers acceptances; certain commercial paper; certain no-load market mutual funds; certain no-load mutual funds; guaranteed investment contracts; and public funds investment pools. As of August 31, 2016 the District had no investments. and therefore was not exposed to credit risk.
- <u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. As of August 31, 2016 the District had no investments, and therefore was not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- <u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District shall diversify in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity or specific issuers. As of August 31, 2016 the District had no investments and therefore was not exposed to concentration of custodial credit risk
- <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District shall use final and weighted-average maturity limits and diversification. The District shall monitor interest rate risk using weighted-average maturity and specific identification. At August 31, 2016, the District had no investments and therefore was not exposed to interest rate risk.
- Foreign Currency Risk The District does not make investments that have foreign currency and therefore is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent).

#### B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

#### C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature

#### D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The District had no interfund balances at August 31, 2016.

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	A	umount	Reason
Transfers From General Fund To:			
Nonmajor Funds:			
Child Nutrition Fund	\$	11,553	To supplement food service

#### E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2016 were as follows:

	Governme		
	General	Nonmajor	Total
·	Fund	Funds	Receivables
Property Taxes	\$ 23,570	\$ -	\$ 23,570
Less Allowance for Uncollectible	(14,126)	-	(14,126)
Other Governments	117,365	9,205	126,570
	\$ 126,809	\$ 9,205	\$ 136,014
Amounts Not Expected to be Collected During		***************************************	
Subsequent Year (Included Above): Prop Taxes	\$ 21,570	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 21,570

Payables at August 31, 2016 were as follows:

	Governme	ntal Funds	Fiduciary	
	General	Nonmajor	Agency	Total
	Fund	Funds	Fund	Payables
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,927	\$ 2,280	\$ -	\$ 11,207
Salaries and Benefits	23,672	2,992	-	26,664
Other	_	-	13,997	13,997
	\$ 32,599	\$ 5,272	\$ 13,997	\$ 51,868

#### F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District	t for	the year ended	d Augi	ust 31, 2016	, was as	follows:		
Balance					Reclassifications/		Balance	
Governmental Activities 7/1/2015		Increases		Reductions		8/31/2016		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	55,336	\$	-	\$		\$	55,336
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings & Improvements		1,182,062		-		-		1,182,062
Furniture & Equipment		393,295		-				393,295
· ·		1,575,357						1,575,357
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings & Improvements		576,533		13,964		-		590,497
Furniture & Equipment		281,098		26,578		-		307,676
• •		857,631		40,542		•		898,173
Net Capital Assets					<u></u>			
Being Depreciated		717,726		(40,542)		-		677,184
Net Capital Assets	\$	773,062	\$	(40,542)	\$		\$	732,520
•								

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 9,520
Student Transportation	17,192
Food Services	6,452
Plant Maintenance	7,378
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 40,542

# G. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2016 are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

	(	General Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Totals
Local Governments	\$	-	\$		\$	-
State Entitlements	•	117,365		5,278		122,643
Federal Grants		**		· 3,927	4	3,927_
Totals	\$	117,365	\$	9,205	\$	126,570

# H. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

		Governme				
	(	General		Nonmajor		
		Fund		unds		Totals
Property Taxes	\$	186,246	\$	•	\$	186,246
Penalties and Interest						
On Property Taxes		1,808		- ,		1,808
Investment Income		4,222		1		4,223
Food Sales		-		3		3
Miscellaneous		14,474		4,703		19,177
	\$	206,750	\$	4,707	\$	211,457

#### I. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

A State minimum personal leave program consisting of five days per year of personal leave, with no limit on accumulation and no restrictions on transfer among districts, is provided for District employees. All employees who are eligible for State personal leave also earn an additional five workdays of local sick leave per year. Local sick leave is cumulative subject to continuous employment with the District. Full-term employees (employees with 12-month appointments) are not eligible for paid vacation leave.

The District has not recorded a liability for accumulated sick leave since the amount is not considered material.

# J. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments. Lease expense for operating lease agreements for the current year was \$3,984. Minimum future annual requirements are as follows:

Total	\$ 6,308
2020	•
2019	
2018	2,324
2017	3,984
_August 31,_	Amount
Year Ended	

#### K. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The District's long term liabilities consist of net pension liability. The changes for the year ended August 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
	9/1/2015	Additions	Retirements	8/31/2016	One Year	_
Net Pension Liability	54,171	87,538	10,954	130,755	n/a	

#### L. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Walnut Bend Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability	Amount
Total Pension Liability	163,887,375,172
Less Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(128,538,706,212)
Net Pension Liability	35,348,668,960
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	78.43%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

#### **Contribution Rates**

	2015	2016
Member	6.7%	7.2%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2016 Employer Contribution	9	10,437
District's 2016 Member Contributions		30,195
District's 2015 NECE On-Behalf Contributions		22,146

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
	Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases including Inflation	3.5% to 9.5%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.5%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	.07%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-2.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	.09%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	<u>5%</u>	<u>6.7%</u>	0.3%
Inflation Expectations			2.2%
Alpha	·		1.0%
Total	100%		<u>8.7%</u>

<sup>\*</sup> The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 Net Pension Liability.

•	1% Decrease in			1% I	ncrease in
	Discount	D	Discount	D	iscount
	Rate (7%)	ate (7%) Rate (8%)		Rate (9%)	
Walnut Bend ISD's proportionate					
share of net pension liability	\$ 204,868	\$	130,755	\$	69,023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2016, Walnut Bend Independent School District reported a liability of \$130,755 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Walnut Bend Independent School District. The amount

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

recognized by Walnut Bend Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Walnut Bend Independent School District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 130,755
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 264,301
Total	\$ 395,056

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 thru August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0003699% which was an increase of .0001671% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

#### Economic Assumptions

- 1. The inflation assumptions was decreased from 3% to 2.5%,
- The ultimate merit assumptions for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1%.
- 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%
- 5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

#### Mortality Assumptions

- The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

#### Other Demographic Assumptions

- 8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumptions because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. this methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- 9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumptions. the timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- 10. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- 11. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- 12. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

#### Actuarial Methods and Policies

13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the measurement period August 31, 2015, Walnut Bend Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$37,659 and revenue of \$37,659 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2016, Walnut Bend Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	D	eferred
	Ου	tflow of	In	flow of
	Re	sources	Re	sources
Differences between exptected and actual experiences	\$	697	\$	5,025
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,928		4,665
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		19,784		
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's				
contribution and the proportionate share of contributions		38,186		38
Total as of August 31, 2015 measurement date	\$	61,595	\$	9,728
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement				-
date		10,437	•	
Total	\$	72,032	\$	9,728

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	P	ension
Year Ended August 31,	Exper	se Amount
2017	\$	9,467
2018		9,467
2019		9,466
2020		13,608
2021		5,509
Thereafter		4,350

### M. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES Retiree Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by phoning the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Web site at <a href="https://www.trs.state.tx.us">www.trs.state.tx.us</a> under the TRS Publications heading,

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203 and 204 establish state,

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

active employee and public school contributions respectively. The contribution rate for the district was .55% for each of these three years. The contribution rate for active employees was 0.65% of the district payroll for each of the three years. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribute 1.0%.

Contributions. Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District are recorded in the governmental funds financial statements as both revenue and expenditures. State contributions to TRS made on behalf of the District's employees as well as the District's required contributions and federal grant program contributions for the years ended August 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	 2016	2015	 2014
District Contributions	\$ 1,562	\$ 2,609	\$ 2,548
Federal Contributions	90	216	90
State Contribtions	2,840	4,744	4,633
<b>Employee Contributions</b>	1,846	3,083	3,011

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$1,659, \$1,238 and \$1,062 respectively. The information for the year ended August 31, 2016 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

Active Employee Health Care Coverage. The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

#### N. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

General					
		<u> Fotal</u>			
Net Tax Revenue	\$	9,444	\$	9,444	

### O. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES None

### P. JOINT VENTURE-SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS None

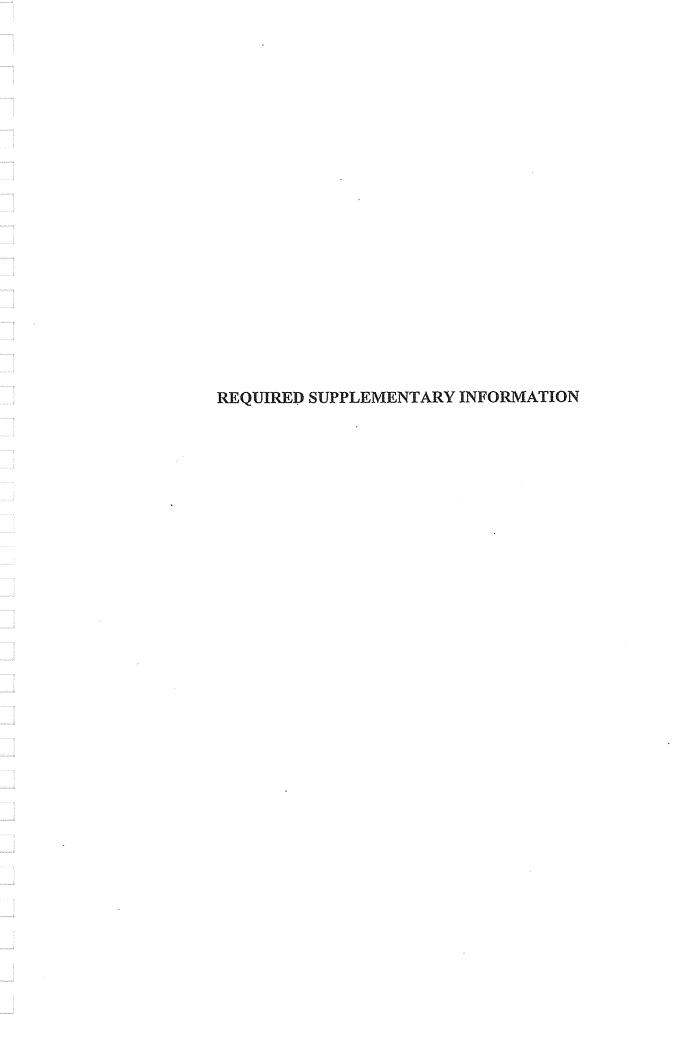
#### Q. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The District has no related organizations as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 14.

#### R. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events though January 20, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.





# WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Contr			Budgeted A	Amo	ounts		ctual Amounts GAAP BASIS)	Fi	riance With nal Budget ositive or
Code	-		Original		Final			(	Negative)
***************************************	REVENUES:					_			10.606
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	190,374 524,015	\$	187,124 571,247	\$	206,750 581,245	\$	19,626 9,998
5020	Total Revenues		714,389		758,371		787,995		29,624
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								2,532
	Instruction		411,270		421,143		418,611 5,949		2,332 509
	Instructional Resources and Media Services		6,208		6,458 1,320		3,949		1,320
	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,320 69,765		69,765		65,555		4,210
	School Leadership		37,004		32,004		32,549		(545)
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services		2,009		2,009		2,031		(22)
	Extracurricular Activities		4,117		7,167		3,051		4,116
	General Administration		123,376		124,236		94,270		29,966
	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		112,028		105,903		74,975		30,928
	Data Processing Services		5,400		5,525		5,504		21
0000	Intergovernmental:								
0093		١.	8,500		8,500		5,482		3,018
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	•	5,500		5,500		3,216		2,284
6030	Total Expenditures		786,497		789,530		711,193		78,337
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(72,108)		(31,159)		76,802		107,961
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				_		(11,553)		(11,553)
8911	Transfers Out (Use)								
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(72,108)		(31,159)		65,249		96,408
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		928,158		928,158		928,158		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	856,050	\$	896,999	\$	993,407	\$	96,408

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

-		<del></del>	2016	 2015	
	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0003699%	0.0002028%	
	District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	130,755	\$ 54,171	
	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		264,301	229,470	
	Total	\$	395,056	\$ 283,641	
	District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	399,116	\$ 419,374	
	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		32.76%	12.91%	
	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.43%	83.25%	

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

## WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016

ontribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution  Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	***************************************	2016		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	10,437	\$	10,954
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		10,437		10,954
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-0-	\$	-0-
. District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	419,374	\$	399,116
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		2.49%		2.74%

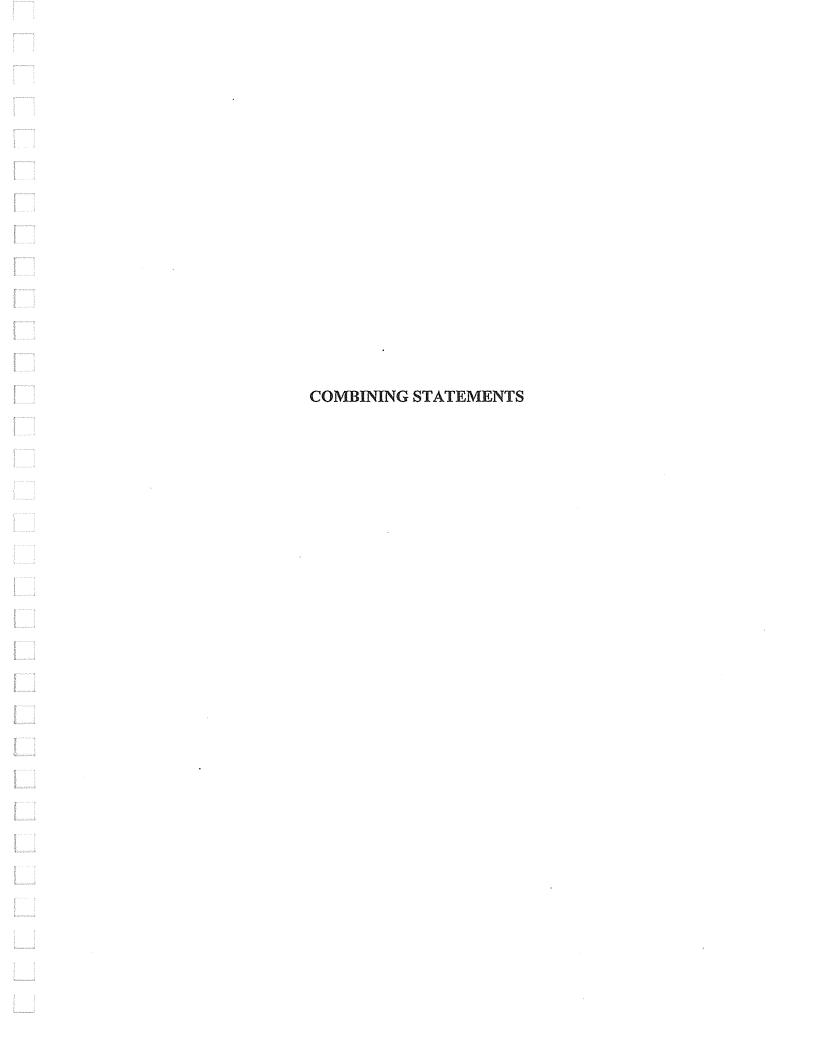
Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31, 2014 for Fiscal Year 2015 and August 31, 2015 for Fiscal Year 2016.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Changes of benefit terms.
1	
	There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.
	Changes of assumptions.
ne-core	The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.
	1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%. 2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%. 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale. 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.  Mortality Assumptions 5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience.  Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB. 6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience.  Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB. 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully
	<ol> <li>Other Demographic Assumptions</li> <li>Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.</li> <li>There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.</li> <li>Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.</li> <li>For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.</li> </ol>
glocationality gradients was great the state of the state	Actuarial Methods and Policies  13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.





#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

		***************************************	240	2	55		270		410
Data		N	ational	ESE.	A II,A	ESEA	A VI, Pt B		State
Contro	l	Brea	kfast and	Train	ing and	Rura	al & Low	Textbook	
Codes		Lunc	h Program	Recr	uiting	I	ncome		Fund
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,345	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		2,835		-		1,092		5,278
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,180	\$	-	\$	1,092	\$	5,278
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	2,280	\$		\$		\$	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		1,833		-		1,025		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		67		-		67		-
2000	Total Liabilities		4,180		-		1,092		
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		5,278
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		•		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		**	_	-		5,278
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,180	\$	-	\$	1,092	\$	5,278

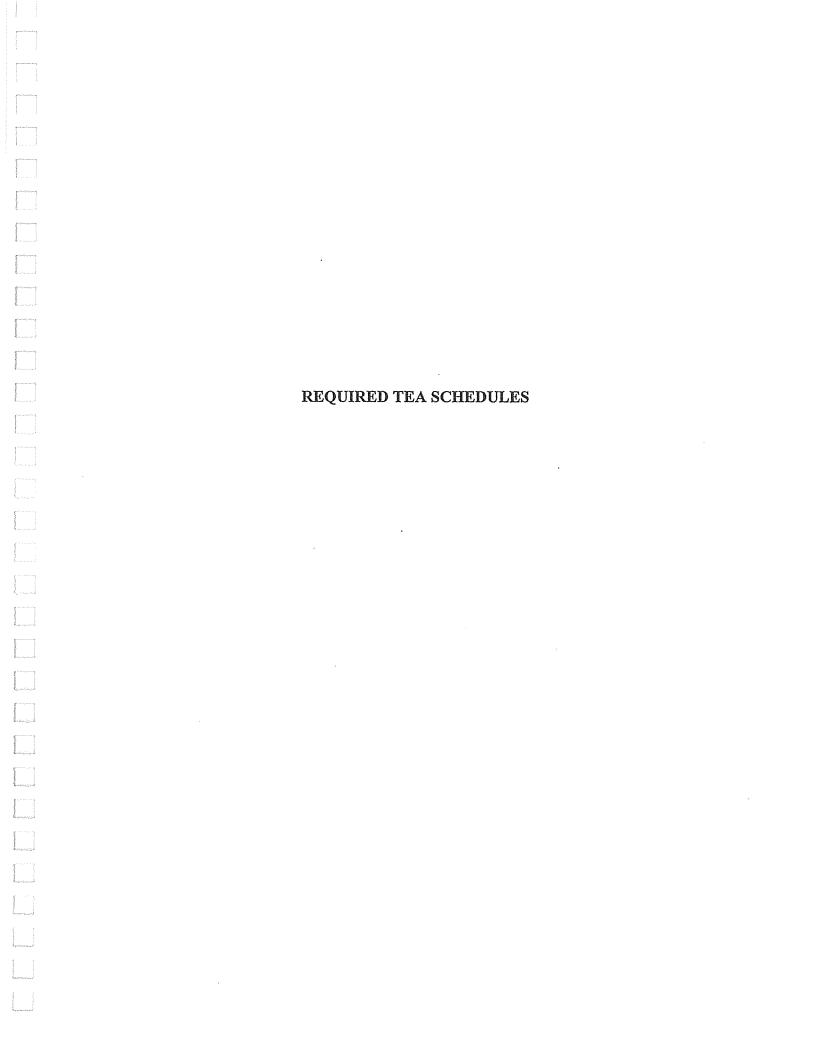
429			461	Total			
Read	Ready to Campu			N	onmajor		
Re	ad	Α	ctivity	Gov	ernmental		
Licens	e Plate	F	unds	Funds			
\$	26	\$	448	\$	1,819		
	-				9,205		
\$	26	\$	448	\$	11,024		
				####			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,280		
	_		-		2,858		
	-		-		134		
	-	***************************************	-	5,272			
		••••••		***********			
	26		<b></b> .		5,304		
	•		448		448		
	26		448		5,752		
\$	26	\$	448	\$	11,024		

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

			240		255		270		410
Data		N	ational	ESE	A II,A	ESEA	VI, Pt B		State
Control		Brea	kfast and	Trair	ing and	Rura	l & Low	T	'extbook
Codes		Lunc	n Program	Rec	ruiting	In	come		Fund
	REVENUES:								
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5800	State Program Revenues		363				15 500		-
5900	Federal Program Revenues		58,119		5,161		15,508		<del>-</del>
5020	Total Revenues	****	58,485		5,161		15,508		
	EXPENDITURES:								
Cı	urrent:					***************************************			
0011	Instruction		-				15,508		4,424
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development				5,161		-		-
0035	Food Services		70,038		-		_		-
0036	Extracurricular Activities			,			15 500		4,424
6030	Total Expenditures		70,038		5,161		15,508		4,424
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,553)		-		-		(4,424)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7915	Transfers In		11,553		-				<u> </u>
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		(4,424
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		*				<b>54</b>		9,702
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,278

429			461	Total			
Ready to		C	ampus	Nonmajor			
Re	ad	A	ctivity	Gov	ernmental		
License	e Plate	F	unds		Funds		
\$	-	\$	4,704	\$	4,707		
	-		-		363		
	-	***************************************	-		78,788		
	-		4,704		83,858		
	-		4,321		24,253		
	-		-		5,161		
	-				70,038		
	-		290		290		
	-		4,611	***********	99,742		
	-		93		(15,884)		
	-		-		11,553		
	-		93		(4,331)		
	26		355	-	10,083		
\$	26	\$	448	\$	5,752		





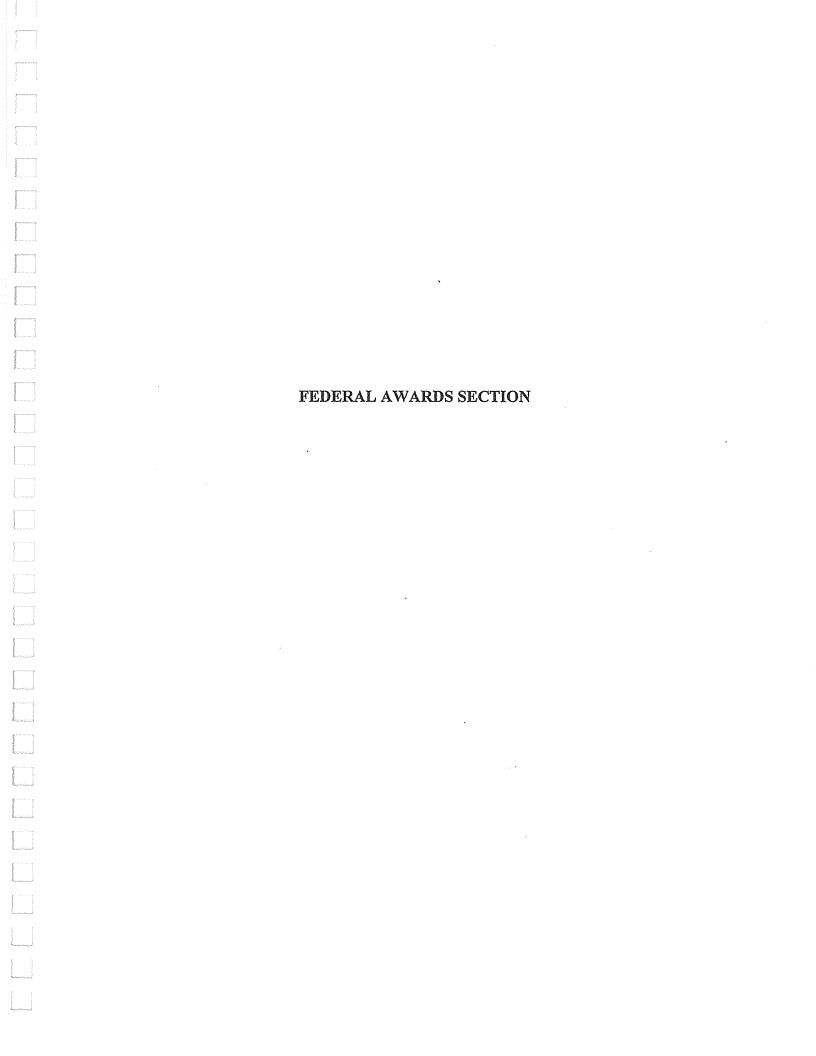
#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

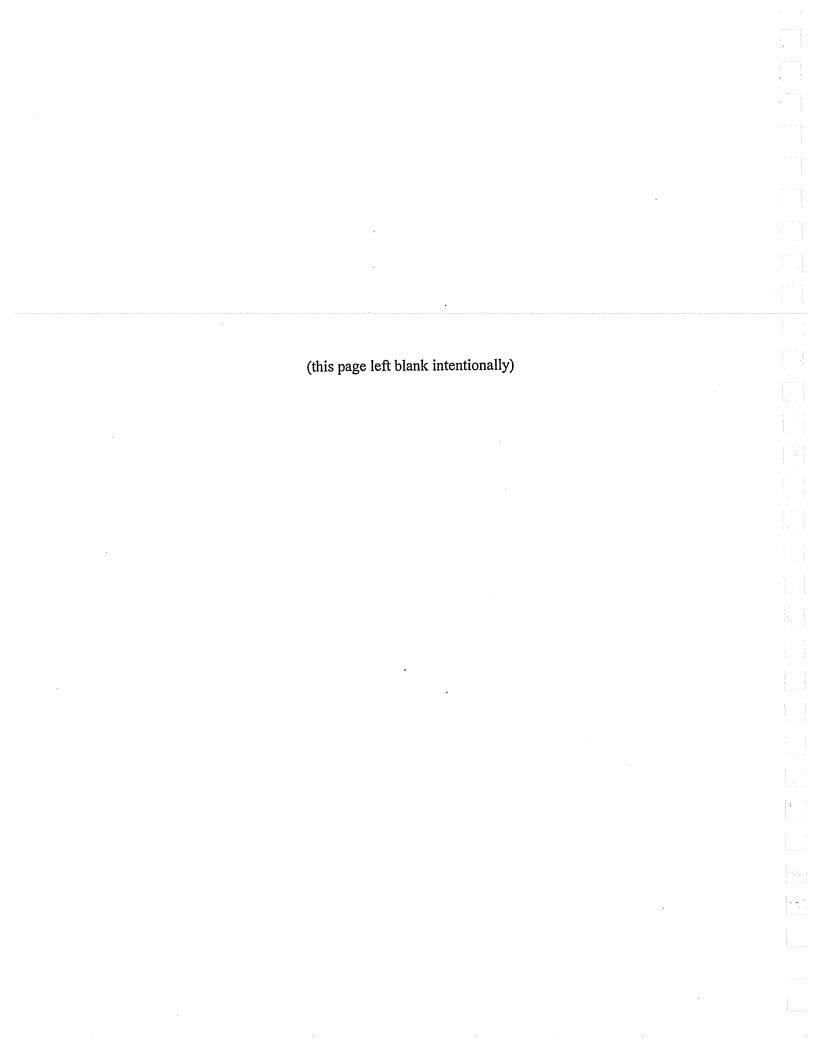
Last 10 Years Ended	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised Value for School				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2007 and prior years	Various	Various	\$	63,534,972		
2008	1.040000	0.000000		19,829,463		
2009	1.040000	0.000000		39,160,347		
2010	1.040000	0.000000		27,702,490		
011	1.040000	0.000000		24,382,768		
2012	1.040000	0.000000	,	25,325,838		
2013	1.040000	0.000000		32,916,807		
2014	1.040000	0.000000		29,356,907		
2015	1.040000	0.000000		28,595,563		
2016 (School year under audit)	1.040000	0.000000		17,845,790		
1000 TOTALS						

	(10) Beginning Balance	(20) Current Year's	(31) Maintenance	(32) Debt Service	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments		(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2016	
<del></del>	9/1/2015	Total Levy	 Collections	 Collections				
\$	9,701	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(1,617) \$	8,084	
	694	•	-	-		-	694	
	1,523	-	6	-		-	1,517	
	1,927		-	-		-	1,927	
	1,912	-	9			-	1,903	
	1,765	-	27	-		(1)	1,737	
	1,927	-	252	-		(1)	1,674	
	2,126	-	477	-			1,649	
	5,054	*	2,649	-		-	2,405	
	-	185,596	182,757	-		(859)	1,980	
\$	26,629	\$ 185,596	\$ 186,177	\$ -	\$	(2,478) \$	23,570	

## WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Conti	Data Control Codes		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Code			Original	Original			(Negative)	
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	6,500 250 35,000	\$	4,500 250 54,000	\$ 3 363 58,119	\$	(4,497) 113 4,119
5020	Total Revenues		41,750		58,750	58,485		(265)
0035	EXPENDITURES: Food Services		73,750		75,275	70,038		5,237
6030	Total Expenditures		73,750		75,275	70,038		5,237
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(32,000)		(16,525)	(11,553)		4,972
7915	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		-		15,000	11,553	***************************************	(3,447)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(32,000)		(1,525)	-		1,525
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		••	•		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	(32,000)	\$	(1,525)	\$ -	\$	1,525







## SCHALK & SMITH PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

Thomas E. Schalk, CPA Judy Smith, CPA Cynthia Muñoz, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Walnut Bend Independent School District 47 CR 198 Gainesville, Texas 76240

#### Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Bend Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Bend Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2017.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Walnut Bend Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walnut Bend Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walnut Bend Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Walnut Bend Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with

those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schalk & Smith, P.C.

chall & Ameth PC

#### WALNUT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

#### Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified

Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted

Unmodified opinion

No

Under the guidelines of 2 CRF 200.516(a), a Single Audit was not required for the year ended August 31, 2016.

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings-NONE

Section III - Federal Award findings and Questioned Costs-NONE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS
None

 $\frac{\text{CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN}}{\text{N/A}}$ 

#### SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Walnut	Fiscal Year 2016	
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes nt
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	No
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	. 0
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	130755
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	13022